Master of Public Health

The Master of Public Health (M.P.H.) educational degree program at the Jiann-Ping Hsu College of Public Health at Georgia Southern University prepares professionals for broad-based practice in public health, through the integration of core competencies in the five areas of knowledge basic to public health (biostatistics, environmental health, epidemiology, health policy and community health) with specialized knowledge and expertise in one of these areas. The program serves both the full-time student preparing for a career in public health, as well as currently employed health professionals seeking an advanced education to augment their existing skills and background.

Purpose

The purpose of the M.P.H. is to prepare graduate level public health practitioners capable of applying practice-based skills to promote the concepts of the field. A comprehensive public health education program should provide skills enabling students to assess the magnitude and potential impact of the multiple problems facing populations, as well as recognize existing community capacities or resources. In conjunction with assessment skills, students enrolled in a public health program should understand the role of community empowerment, community mobilization, networks, and partnerships in the development of comprehensive public health policies designed to impact the priority areas identified in the assessment phase. Lastly, student skill sets in a public health program should focus on the task of assuring a presence of services and infrastructure necessary to address problems identified in the assessment phase, as well as enforce policies developed in response to the assessment. Specific skill sets related to the core functions of public health practice are as follows:

- Monitor health status to identify community health problems;
- Diagnose and investigate health problems and health hazards in the community;
- Inform, educate, and empower people about health issues;
- Mobilize community partnerships to identify and solve health problems;
- Develop policies and plans that support individual and community health efforts;
- Recognize the importance of the enforcement of laws and regulations necessary to protect health and ensure safety;
- Link people to needed personal health services and assure the provision of health care when otherwise unavailable;
- Evaluate effectiveness, accessibility, and quality of personal and population-based health services; and
- Research for new insights and innovative solutions to health problems.

The M.P.H. program is committed to producing public health practitioners that possess the knowledge, skills, and values necessary to produce an effective public health workforce.

M.P.H. Competencies

At the completion of the M.P.H. degree program all students will be able to:

Cross Cutting Competencies

- Define public health and articulate the elements in the public health approach to ensuring the health of our public;
- Explain the historical developments of the field;
- Explain the core public health functions;
- Explain how the core public health functions are operationalized at the global, national, state and local levels;
- Describe the public health infrastructure within the United States and beyond (global);
- Define the five core knowledge areas of public health: biostatistics, environmental health sciences, epidemiology, health policy and management, and social and behavioral sciences;
- Explain how state and local governmental public health agencies ensure availability of the ten essential services;
- Describe the history and current status of the interactions between medicine and public health;
- Explain the status of the public health workforce and efforts to expand and ensure the quality and diversity of this workforce;
- Articulate the current issues within the field.

Biostatistics Competencies

- Provide the biostatistical components of the design of a public health or biomedical experiment by: clarifying the research objectives or questions; determining data and endpoints to be collected appropriate for the objectives; translating the objectives into biostatistical questions via hypothesis testing or confidence interval frameworks; determining the appropriate sample size; and writing the statistical analysis section of the experiment.
- Apply appropriate statistical analysis methods using SAS to analyze both categorical and quantitative data.
- Develop written and oral reports to communicate effectively to research investigators pivotal aspects of a study, including its design, objectives, data, analysis methods, results and conclusions ensuring that results and conclusions are valid and reliable and address the research objectives.
- Create a collaborative environment for working on written and oral reports and developing critical thinking skills.
- Describe key concepts and theory underlying biostatistical methodology used in probability and inferential, analytical and descriptive statistics.

Environmental Health Competencies

- Describe major environmental health hazards (physical, chemical and biological), and assess their genetic, physiologic, and socioeconomic impacts on vulnerable and susceptible populations with special emphasis on rural and underserved communities.
- Apply research ethics and current research principles, including hypothesis development, experimental design, and current research methodology, to the qualitative and quantitative measurement and analysis of environmental health hazards.
- Apply the outcomes of environmental monitoring and environmental impact assessments to prevent, mitigate and/or forecast future exposures to environmental hazards and utilize this information to support or advocate for environmental health policy development.
- Apply current health risk assessment methods, utilized by federal, state, and local regulatory programs, and non-governmental guidelines and authorities directed toward management of environmental hazards and provide technical assistance and leadership to address the concerns of communities including environmental justice and equity.
- Apply current research methodology for community based intervention studies, assessing exposure to environmental factors as well as for the identification, quantification, and understanding of potential adverse effects on human health and ecosystems that might result from complex exposure to environmental stressors.
- Communicate environmental health hazards and associated health outcomes to community, stakeholders and professional audiences through oral and written communication and community-based intervention studies.
Epidemiology Competencies

• Identify key sources of data for epidemiologic purposes.
• Identify the principles and limitations of public health screening programs.
• Describe a public health problem in terms of magnitude, person, time and place.
• Explain the importance of epidemiology for informing scientific, ethical, economic and political discussion of health issues.
• Comprehend basic ethical and legal principles pertaining to the collection, maintenance, use and dissemination of epidemiologic data.
• Apply the basic terminology and definitions of epidemiology.
• Calculate basic epidemiology measures.
• Communicate epidemiologic information to lay and professional audiences.
• Draw appropriate inferences from epidemiologic data.
• Evaluate the strengths and limitations of epidemiologic reports.

Health Policy and Management Competencies

• Define the main components and issues of the organization, financing and delivery of public health systems in the US and compare the economic, professional, social and legislative influences to include safety preparedness.
• Describe the legal, values and ethical dilemmas in public health that are inherent in efforts to control cost, while assuring access and quality of services for the public.
• Compare the policy development, assessment, and evaluation process for improving the health status of populations; compare the potential impacts of policy and management on the conduct of public health research and practice.
• Describe the principles of program development, management, budget preparation with justification and evaluation as related for public health initiatives; in that effort, define quality, cost benefit and performance improvement concept to address organizational performance issues in public health as well as trends in planning, resource allocation, and financing their effects on consumers, providers and payers in public health.
• Define principles of strategic planning and marketing in public health and define how “systems thinking” can contribute to solving public health organizational problems.
• Compare leadership skills for building partnerships in public health and demonstrate health policy and management effectiveness using appropriate channels and technologies.

Social and Behavioral Sciences Competencies

• Identify basic theories, concepts and models from a range of social and behavioral disciplines that are used in public health research and practice.
• Identify the causes of social and behavioral factors that affect health of individuals and populations.
• Identify individual, organizational and community concerns, assets resources and deficits for social and behavioral science interventions.
• Identify critical stakeholders for the planning, implementation and evaluation of public health programs, policies and interventions.
• Describe steps and procedures for the planning, implementation and evaluation of public health programs, policies and interventions.
• Describe the role of social and community factors in both the onset and solution of public health problems.
• Describe the merits of social and behavioral science interventions and policies.
• Apply evidence-based approaches in the development and evaluation of social and behavioral science interventions.
• Apply ethical principles to public health program planning, implementation and evaluation.
• Specify multiple targets and levels of intervention for social and behavioral science programs and/or policies.

The Curriculum

The M.P.H. is an applied professional/graduate degree designed for highly motivated students who have a substantial interest in public health. Unique sequencing of courses, community-based program activities, and field/laboratory research provide students with multiple opportunities to develop the public health competencies.

The M.P.H. program requires a minimum of 45 credits and is offered on both a full-and part-time basis. The overall curriculum model includes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Credit Hours</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Public Health Core</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electives</td>
<td>0-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practicum in Public Health</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Integrated Capstone Experience</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Credit Hours</td>
<td>45</td>
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</tbody>
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The M.P.H. core course requirements provide a broad overview of the disciplines of public health and the basic principles of public health practice. Specialty coursework develops the skills and knowledge upon which to build or enhance a career in public health. Selective courses are available in each of the five core areas of concentration: Epidemiology, Environmental Health Sciences, Biostatistics, Health Services Administration, and Social and Behavioral Sciences/Community Health Education.

In addition, all students are required to take an introduction to public health. An important practical experience in a public health venue is a field practicum in a community, a public health facility, a government agency, or related setting. The culminating experience is a course that requires the student integrate their specialization with public health practice.

Admission Requirements

Admission into the graduate programs within the Jiann-Ping Hsu College of Public Health (JPHCOPH) is competitive and decisions are based on the application as a whole. The Master of Public Health (MPH) admission requirements apply to the following MPH degrees in the Jiann-Ping Hsu College of Public Health at Georgia Southern University:

• Public Health M.P.H. (Concentration in Biostatistics)
• Public Health M.P.H. (Concentration in Community Health)
• Public Health M.P.H. (Concentration in Environmental Health)
• Public Health M.P.H. (Concentration in Epidemiology)
• Public Health M.P.H. (Concentration in Health Policy and Management)
• Public Health M.P.H. (Generalist Concentration)

Degree Admission Requirements

Regular

1. Application - Completion of an application in Schools of Public Health Application Service (SOPHAS).
2. Degree - Completion of a Bachelor’s degree or higher from a regionally accredited institution.
3. Transcripts - Official transcript(s) from each college or university previously attended. A transcript is required even if the courses
from one school appear on the transcript of another school. (NOTE: SOPHAS will NOT process your application without receiving all official transcripts. Please refer to the SOPHAS FAQs page for instructions on HOW TO SEND TRANSCRIPTS.)

- All foreign transcripts must be evaluated by World Education Services (WES). Visit http://www.wes.org/ to view which documents are required for your country and to request an International Credential Advantage Package (ICAP) Course-by-Course Report

4. Grade Point Average (GPA) - Minimum cumulative GPA of 2.75/4.0 scale in either:
   - Upper division undergraduate courses; OR
   - Upper division graduate courses

5. Graduate Record Examination (GRE) - Official scores on the Graduate Record Examination (GRE), taken within the last five (5) years sent to school code 8560.

6. English Language Proficiency - International applicants and U.S. Citizens whose native language is not English must demonstrate English proficiency. Prior to consideration for admission, international applicants whose native language is not English must take and post acceptable scores on the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL) (http://www.ets.org/toefl) or the International English Language Testing System (IELTS) (http://www.ielts.org) unless they have received a degree from an accredited college or university in the United States, the United Kingdom, Canada (except Quebec), Australia, or New Zealand. The TOEFL and IELTS examinations are administered at various times of the year and in many centers throughout the world.
   - A score of at least 75 (internet-based test, iBT) or 537 (paper-based test) on the TOEFL and 6.0 on the IELTS is normally required to be considered for regular admission. The official TOEFL and the official IELTS scores may not be more than two (2) years old. Those who do not meet the minimum proficiency standard may be recommended for enrollment in University English courses or for English courses offered by the English Language Program (ELP) on campus. Successful completion of Intensive English Programs (IEPs) at other English Language Program (ELP) providers will be considered on a case-by-case basis. Request that your official TOEFL scores be sent directly to SOPHAS. Official IELTS scores should be sent to: Georgia Southern University, Office of Graduate Admissions, P.O. Box 8113, Statesboro, GA 30460-8113.

7. Letters of Recommendation - Three (3) letters of recommendation. It is strongly advised that two letters be from individuals who can address your past academic performance and it is encouraged that the third letter is from a work or internship supervisor.

8. Curriculum Vitae/Resume - A CV/Resume that includes the following:
   - a) educational experiences, b) professional goals and objectives, c) work history, d) professional experiences, memberships and/or participation in professional organizations, e) experiences in public health programs.

9. Statement of Purpose - A Statement of Purpose (500-1000 words) that conveys the applicant’s reasons for pursuing graduate study in public health and how admission into the program relates to the applicant’s professional aspirations.

*Some students may be required to take prerequisite coursework prior to beginning the program of study. Conditions of admission will be presented at the student’s first advisement appointment.

Provisional

Admission may be granted to those individuals who do not fully satisfy the admission requirements. You must earn grades of “B” or better in your first nine (9) semester hours taken at Georgia Southern University following the effective admission term to obtain Regular Admission. A provisional student may enroll in graduate courses leading to a degree and such courses may count in a degree program once the student has changed to Regular Admission. Only credit earned in graduate courses at Georgia Southern University will satisfy provisional admission requirements. Failure to satisfy these requirements will result in an ineligibility to continue studies in the College of Graduate Studies. Provisional students are not eligible for Graduate Assistantship positions.

For more information on our programs, visit our website at http://jphcoph.georgiasouthern.edu/degrees/.

Non-Degree Admission Requirements

An applicant may be admitted as a Non-Degree (Master’s) student to earn credit hours in MASTER’S-LEVEL Public Health courses without working towards a degree or certificate program. Applying to a graduate degree or certificate program is a separate process and different criteria must be met.

1. Application - Completion of an application in Schools of Public Health Application Service (SOPHAS) Express.
2. Degree - Completion of a Bachelor’s degree or higher from a regionally accredited institution.
3. Transcripts - Official transcript(s) from each college or university previously attended. A transcript is required even if the courses from one school appear on the transcript of another school.*
   - All foreign transcripts must be evaluated by World Education Services (WES). Visit http://www.wes.org/ to view which documents are required for your country and to request an International Credential Advantage Package (ICAP) Course-by-Course Report.*
   - Upload transcript(s) from all institutions attended. (Do NOT send transcripts to SOPHAS Express
4. Grade Point Average (GPA) - Minimum cumulative GPA of 2.75/4.0 scale in either:
   - Upper division undergraduate courses; OR
   - Upper division graduate courses.
5. Statement of Purpose - A Statement of Purpose (500-1000 words) that conveys the applicant’s reasons for pursuing graduate study in public health and how admission into the program relates to the applicant’s professional aspirations.

*NOTE: Unofficial documents must be uploaded for review purposes. Official transcripts are only required if you are offered admission. Following notification of admission, official transcripts mailed in sealed envelopes directly from each university attended (or directly from WES) are required PRIOR to the first day of classes of the original semester of acceptance. Failure to provide the official transcripts following notification of admission will result in revocation of the admission offer. Official documents must be mailed to: Georgia Southern University, Office of Graduate Admissions, P.O. Box 8113, Statesboro, GA 30460-8113.

Advisement: M.P.H.

Graduate students are advised by the Coordinator of Student Services and mentored by a faculty member from the Student’s concentration areas.

Grades

M.P.H. level degree-seeking students are required to maintain a cumulative GPA of at least 3.0 to remain in good academic standing and to be eligible to graduate. In the event the cumulative GPA falls below 3.0, the student will be placed on academic probation. Students have nine (9) credits to elevate the cumulative GPA to at least 3.0 or will be excluded from the program. Students earning grades of “D” or below will be excluded from the program.
Transfer Credit Hours

Students may request that up to, but no more than, six (6) graduate credits be applied toward the 45 credits required for the M.P.H. Transfer credit must also satisfy the same requirements as courses taught for masters training within the Jiann-Ping Hsu College of Public Health (e.g., minimum grade of "B"), be consistent with the student’s approved program of study, and have been received from a regionally accredited college or university. Thesis and dissertation credits cannot be transferred. The student must provide documentation in support of equivalence, such as a course syllabus, transcript, term paper, and/or instructor testimony. Equivalence is determined by the Division Director. Credit hour reductions do not influence the residency and enrollment requirements or comprehensive examination procedures.

Course Time Limit

All requirements for the M.P.H. must be completed within seven academic years from the date of the first enrollment for study following admission to the master’s program. For transfer students, the seven-year time limit commences with the semester during which transfer credit hour was earned.

Experiential Learning Opportunities

All M.P.H. students are required to complete a public health practicum and complete the Integrated Capstone Experience. The practicum permits the student to receive practical experience in a selected public health-related setting. The practicum requires 300 hours of service. The Integrated Capstone Experience requires students to integrate basic principles and practices of public health in a case-based format.